The Peaceful Kingdom

Whatever befalls Judah a remnant will survive cf:

Isaiah 1:9 Except the LORD of hosts had left unto us a very small remnant, we should have been as Sodom, *and* we should have been like unto Gomorrah.

Isaiah 4:2-3 In that day shall the branch of the LORD be beautiful and glorious, and the fruit of the earth *shall be* excellent and comely for them that are escaped of Israel. 4:3 And it shall come to pass, *that he that is* left in Zion, and *he that* remaineth in Jerusalem, shall be called holy, *even* every one that is written among the living in Jerusalem:

Isaiah 2:1-4 The word that Isaiah the son of Amoz saw concerning Judah and Jerusalem. Isaiah 2:2 And it shall come to pass in the last days, *that* the mountain of the LORD'S house shall be established in the top of the mountains, and shall be exalted above the hills; and all nations shall flow unto it. Isaiah 2:3 And many people shall go and say, Come ye, and let us go up to the mountain of the LORD, to the house of the God of Jacob; and he will teach us of his ways, and we will walk in his paths: for out of Zion shall go forth the law, and the word of the LORD from Jerusalem.

Isaiah 2:4 And he shall judge among the nations, and shall rebuke many people:

Let us look at the first clause: *And he shall judge among the nations.* The coming Messiah or Christ shall judge all people cf:

II Corinthians 5:10 For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ; that every one may receive the things *done* in *his* body, according to that he hath done, whether *it be* good or bad.

Isaiah 2:4 And he shall judge among the nations, and shall rebuke many people: and they shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruning hooks: nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more.

The coming Kingdom of God will not be a government that conquers by the sword as worldly governments do but with peace shall it conquer the world.

In the 10th Chapter of Isaiah, the nation of Assyria is pictured as the rod of God's anger cf: Isaiah 10:5 to punish Israel and Judah for their wickedness

and Idolatry. Sennacherib the King Assyria destroyed the Northern Kingdom of Israel and it's capital of Samaria falls into captivity in 722BC. This is how the 10 northern tribes became known as the 10 lost tribes of Israel. The Assyrians then turn and destroy 46 walled cities in Judah and carry away 200,156 Jews into Assyrian captivity. As we approach the end of chapter ten different cities are named and the fear of the coming Assyrians is magnified as they draw closer ... but the haughty King Assyria makes the mistake of declaring victory too soon. Nob is a Levite city 2 miles short of Jerusalem cf:

Isaiah 10:32 As yet shall he remain at Nob that day: he shall shake his hand *against* the mount of the daughter of Zion, the hill of Jerusalem.

Isaiah 10:33 Behold, the Lord, the LORD of hosts, shall lop the bough with terror: and the high ones of stature *shall be* hewn down, and the haughty shall be humbled. Isaiah 10:34 And he shall cut down the thickets of the forest with iron, and Lebanon shall fall by a mighty one.

The prophet has described the destruction of the Assyrian Army under the imagery of a mighty forest of trees cut down and laid level with the ground by the axe wielded by a "mighty one" a metaphor for the power of the word of God. John the Baptist uses this same imagery to describe the work of Christ.

Luke 3:9 And now also the axe is laid unto the root of the trees: every tree therefore which bringeth not forth good fruit is hewn down, and cast into the fire.

There is great controversy about whether the first or the second coming of Christ brings these things about. If it is about His first coming then the things discussed are for the Church age and they tell of the effects of Christ's first coming. If they concern His second Coming then they are for what is commonly called the millennial kingdom by the pre-millennial-ists. Another question is are these verses to be understood precisely literally or are they expressing things in symbolic figurative and language. Without exception the New Testament writers understood this 11th Chapter of Isaiah as describing Christ's first coming and the language as symbolic.

In opposition to the imagery of Chapter 10, the prophet now presents a great person who is the subject of this coming 11th chapter, described as a slender twig shooting out of the trunk of an old tree. This tender plant, weak in appearance will become fruitful and prosper.

Isaiah 11:1 And there shall come forth a rod out of the stem of Jesse, and a Branch shall grow out of his roots:

This contrast shows plainly the connection between Chapter 11 and the preceding chapter, which is expressed by the connecting word "And" linking the two chapters. Christ was a descendant of Jesse cf: Matt.1:1-6. Branch is a Messianic metaphor which will be developed by other prophets also.

Isaiah often uses some great temporal earthly deliverance to launch out into the Spiritual deliverance of God's people by the Messiah. The Apostle Paul assures us of the fact that this prophecy relates to the first coming of Jesus Christ by quoting Isaiah 11:1 & Isaiah 11:10 cf:

Romans 15:12 And again, Esaias saith, There shall be a root of Jesse, and he that shall rise to reign over the Gentiles; in him shall the Gentiles trust.

Isaiah 11:2 And the spirit of the LORD shall rest upon him, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit of knowledge and of the fear of the LORD;

the spirit of the LORD shall rest upon him cf;

Luke 3:21-22 Now when all the people were baptized, it came to pass, that Jesus also being baptized, and praying, the heaven was opened, 3:22 And the Holy Ghost descended in a bodily shape like a dove upon him, and a voice came from heaven, which said, Thou art my beloved Son; in thee I am well pleased.

Luke 4:16 And he came to Nazareth, where he had been brought up: and, as his custom was, he went into the synagogue on the sabbath day, and stood up for to read. 4:17 And there was delivered unto him the book of the prophet Esaias. And when he had opened the book, he found the place where it was written, 4:18 The Spirit of the Lord *is* upon me, because he hath anointed me to preach the gospel to the poor; he hath sent me to heal the brokenhearted, to preach deliverance to the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, to set at liberty them that are bruised, 4:19 To preach the acceptable year of the Lord. 4:20 And he closed the book, and he gave *it* again to the minister, and sat down. And the eyes of all them that were in the synagogue were fastened on him. 4:21 And he began to say unto them, This day is this scripture fulfilled in your ears.

<u>The Spirit of wisdom</u>: is the skillful use of knowledge <u>The Spirit of understanding:</u> is insight and intelligence. <u>The Spirit of counsel:</u> is wisdom in making His plans. <u>The Spirit of Might:</u> is power and vigor in carrying out His mission. <u>The Spirit of Knowledge:</u> is a complete unity and understanding of God's will. <u>The fear of the Lord:</u> is respect and reverence.

Isaiah 11:3 And shall make him of quick understanding in the fear of the LORD: and he shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, neither reprove after the hearing of his ears:

Note especially His righteous judgments in the following verses: Christ saw thru the elite Doctors of the Law, the scribes, Pharisees and hypocrites.

John 2:24-25 But Jesus did not commit himself unto them, because he knew all *men*, 2:25 And needed not that any should testify of man: for he knew what was in man.

Isaiah 11:4 But with righteousness shall he judge the poor, and reprove with equity for the meek of the earth: and he shall smite the earth with the rod of his mouth, and with the breath of his lips shall he slay the wicked.

Matthew 5:3-12 Blessed *are* the poor in spirit: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. 5:4 Blessed *are* they that mourn: for they shall be comforted. 5:5 Blessed *are* the meek: for they shall inherit the earth. 5:6 Blessed *are* they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness: for they shall be filled. 5:7 Blessed *are* the merciful: for they shall obtain mercy. 5:8 Blessed *are* the pure in heart: for they shall see God. 5:9 Blessed *are* the peacemakers: for they shall be called the children of God. 5:10 Blessed *are* they which are persecuted for righteousness' sake: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. 5:11 Blessed are ye, when *men* shall revile you, and persecute *you*, and shall say all manner of evil against you falsely, for my sake. 5:12 Rejoice, and be exceeding glad: for great *is* your reward in heaven: for so persecuted they the prophets which were before you.

<u>He shall smite the earth with the rod of His mouth</u>, Hebrew *be-she-bet*; from *nas-hab* 'to blow' by the blast of His mouth, which makes a parallelism to the breath of His lips in the next line. This figuratively describes the power of Christ's preaching.

Isaiah 11:5 And righteousness shall be the girdle of his loins, and faithfulness the girdle of his reins.

The meaning of this verse is a zeal for justice and truth will make Him active and strong in executing the work that God has given Him.

Isaiah's concept of peace Hebrew Shalom is radical in this chapter. Consider the incredible turmoil Judah is in ... Syria and Ephraim plot against Israel and

Judah ... there was also great strife between Israel and Judah ... Assyria and Sennacherib commeth ... there are power struggles within Judah and the poor are oppressed by the rich ruling class of people. In spite of all of this turmoil Isaiah wanted his readers to imagine a world where natural enemies live in peace with each other. This vision of peace even affects the relationship between wild animals.

Isaiah 11:6 The wolf also shall dwell with the lamb, and the leopard shall lie down with the kid; and the calf and the young lion and the fatling together; and a little child shall lead them.

Isaiah pairs a wolf with a lamb, a leopard with a kid or a goat, a calf and a young lion, a cow and a bear and a child and a viper. These visual images help us imagine a world where natural enemies live at peace.

There will be a beautiful peace between the former enemies: the Jews and the Gentiles. Isaiah uses common Old Testament imagery of the Jews being God's flock and the Gentiles being likened to predatory animals. The power of the Gospel to change people is prophesied is this verse. The idea of the renewal of a Golden Age, as it is called, is found in other ancient writers, among them the Greeks & Romans. The wild beasts grow tame, serpents & poisonous herbs grow harmless, all is peace & harmony, plenty & happiness.

The serpent's brood shall die. The sacred ground shall weeds & noxious plants refuse to bear. Nor shall flocks fear the great lions, the mighty wolf, that round the mighty enclosure prowled to leap the fence, now plots not on the fold. Virgil's Eclogue.

You can, by comparison, see how much the poet falls short of the beauty, elegance, & variety of imagery which Isaiah, under inspiration of the Holy Spirit, has set forth the very same ideas.

The wolf & the leopard not only forbear to destroy the lamb & the kid, but, even take their abode & lie down together with them.

The calf & the young lion & the fatling not only come together but are led quietly in the same band, & that by a little child. The heifer and the she-bear not only feed together, but even lodge their young ones in the same place.

The serpents are perfectly harmless, so that the suckling infant & the newlyweaned child, on an adders den. The lion not only abstains from the weaker animals but becomes domestic.

and a little child shall lead them: cf:

Matthew 18:3-4 And said, Verily I say unto you, Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven. 18:4 Whosoever therefore shall humble himself as this little child, the same is greatest in the kingdom of heaven.

Isaiah 11:7 And the cow and the bear shall feed; their young ones shall lie down together: and the lion shall eat straw like the ox.

II Corinthians 5:17 Therefore if any man *be* in Christ, *he is* a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.

Isaiah 11:8 And the sucking child shall play on the hole of the asp, and the weaned child shall put his hand on the cockatrice' den.

In the cockatrice den, a place dark and obscure that causes the serpents eyes to sparkle. The child seeing this sparkle supposes it to be a piece of crystal puts forth his hand to take it. What would be very dangerous in another time, shall be safe in the coming peaceful Kingdom of God.

Isaiah 11:9 They shall not hurt nor destroy in all my holy mountain: for the earth shall be full of the knowledge of the LORD, as the waters cover the sea.

What mountain? The mountain we studied about last week in Isaiah 2:1-4 which is known as the Church of Christ cf:

Isaiah 2:2-3 And it shall come to pass in the last days, *that* the mountain of the LORD'S house shall be established in the top of the mountains, and shall be exalted above the hills; and all nations shall flow unto it. Isa. 2:3 And many people shall go and say, Come ye, and let us go up to the mountain of the LORD, to the house of the God of Jacob; and he will teach us of his ways, and we will walk in his paths: for out of Zion shall go forth the law, and the word of the LORD from Jerusalem.

Hebrews 12:22-24 But ye are come unto mount Sion, and unto the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem, and to an innumerable company of angels, 12:23 To the general assembly and church of the firstborn, which are written in heaven, and to God the Judge of all, and to the spirits of just men made perfect, 12:24 And to Jesus the mediator of the new covenant, and to the blood of sprinkling, that speaketh better things than *that of* Abel.

Isaiah 11:10 And in that day there shall be a root of Jesse, which shall stand for an ensign of the people; to it shall the Gentiles seek: and his rest shall be glorious.

Paul quotes this verse showing it is dealing with the Christian age and not the second coming of Christ as most sincerely wrong people suppose.

Romans 15:12 And again, Esaias saith, There shall be a root of Jesse, and he that shall rise to reign over the Gentiles; in him shall the Gentiles trust.

A root of Jesse is a metaphor that Christ Himself has twice applied to Himself cf:

Revelation 5:5 And one of the elders saith unto me, Weep not: behold, the Lion of the tribe of Juda, the Root of David, hath prevailed to open the book, and to loose the seven seals thereof.

Revelation 22:16 I Jesus have sent mine angel to testify unto you these things in the churches. I am the root and the offspring of David, *and* the bright and morning star.

Isaiah 11:11 And it shall come to pass in that day, *that* the Lord shall set his hand again the second time to recover the remnant of his people, which shall be left, from Assyria, and from Egypt, and from Pathros, and from Cush, and from Elam, and from Shinar, and from Hamath, and from the islands of the sea.

The Lord, Hebrew *YHWH*, This gathering is not geographical into the new modern state of Israel but spiritual. In the previous chapter Isaiah tells of this returning of the remnant "to the mighty God" cf:

Isaiah 10:21 The remnant shall return, *even* the remnant of Jacob, unto the mighty God.

A Chapter Earlier Jesus Christ is called the mighty God" cf:

Isaiah 9:6 For unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given: and the government shall be upon his shoulder: and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, The mighty God, The everlasting Father, The Prince of Peace. Isa 9:7 Of the increase of *his* government and peace *there shall be* no end, upon the throne of David, and upon his kingdom, to order it, and to establish it with judgment and with justice from henceforth even for ever. The zeal of the LORD of hosts will perform this.

Isaiah 11:12 And he shall set up an ensign for the nations, and shall assemble the outcasts of Israel, and gather together the dispersed of Judah from the four corners of the earth.

Both Gentiles and Jews are to be gathered into one body cf: Ephesians 2:11ff

Isa 11:13 The envy also of Ephraim shall depart, and the adversaries of Judah shall be cut off: Ephraim shall not envy Judah, and Judah shall not vex Ephraim.

This is a common Old Testament practice of naming ancient enemies of Israel as representative of the Gentiles of the New Testament Saints.

Isa 11:14 But they shall fly upon the shoulders of the Philistines toward the west; they shall spoil them of the east together: they shall lay their hand upon Edom and Moab; and the children of Ammon shall obey them.

Isa 11:15 And the LORD shall utterly destroy the tongue of the Egyptian sea; and with his mighty wind shall he shake his hand over the river, and shall smite it in the seven streams, and make *men* go over dryshod.

The tongue is a descriptive for a bay such as The Red Sea cf:

Exodus 14:26-29 And the LORD said unto Moses, Stretch out thine hand over the sea, that the waters may come again upon the Egyptians, upon their chariots, and upon their horsemen. 14:27 And Moses stretched forth his hand over the sea, and the sea returned to his strength when the morning appeared; and the Egyptians fled against it; and the LORD overthrew the Egyptians in the midst of the sea. 14:28 And the waters returned, and covered the chariots, and the horsemen, *and* all the host of Pharaoh that came into the sea after them; there remained not so much as one of them. 14:29 But the children of Israel walked upon dry *land* in the midst of the sea; and the waters *were* a wall unto them on their right hand, and on their left.

Seven streams The Nile River falls into the Mediterranean Sea by 7 streams.

Isaiah 11:16 And there shall be an highway for the remnant of his people, which shall be left, from Assyria; like as it was to Israel in the day that he came up out of the land of Egypt.

A highway is one Isaiah's metaphors for the Kingdom of God and the Church of Christ.

Isaiah 35:8 And an highway shall be there, and a way, and it shall be called The way of holiness; the unclean shall not pass over it; but it *shall be* for those: the wayfaring men, though fools, shall not err *therein*.

Isaiah 40:3 The voice of him that crieth in the wilderness, Prepare ye the way of the LORD, make straight in the desert a highway for our God.

All 4 Gospel writers quote Isaiah 40:3 and are explicit in stating the building of this highway began with the preaching of John the Baptist.

The remnant of His people cf: V:11

Isaiah 37:2-4 And he sent Eliakim, who *was* over the household, and Shebna the scribe, and the elders of the priests covered with sackcloth, unto Isaiah the prophet the son of Amoz. 37:3 And they said unto him, Thus saith Hezekiah, This day *is* a day of trouble, and of rebuke, and of blasphemy: for the children are come to the birth, and *there is* not strength to bring forth. 37:4 It may be the LORD thy God will hear the words of Rabshakeh, whom the king of Assyria his master hath sent to reproach the living God, and will reprove the words which the LORD thy God hath heard: wherefore lift up *thy* prayer for the remnant that is left.

Jeremiah 6:9 Thus saith the LORD of hosts, They shall throughly glean the remnant of Israel as a vine: turn back thine hand as a grapegatherer into the baskets.

Jeremiah 23:3 And I will gather the remnant of my flock out of all countries whither I have driven them, and will bring them again to their folds; and they shall be fruitful and increase.

Jeremiah 31:7 For thus saith the LORD; Sing with gladness for Jacob, and shout among the chief of the nations: publish ye, praise ye, and say, O LORD, save thy people, the remnant of Israel.

Ezekiel 14:22 Yet, behold, therein shall be left a remnant that shall be brought forth, *both* sons and daughters: behold, they shall come forth unto you, and ye shall see their way and their doings: and ye shall be comforted concerning the evil that I have brought upon Jerusalem, *even* concerning all that I have brought upon it.

Micah 2:12 I will surely assemble, O Jacob, all of thee; I will surely gather the remnant of Israel; I will put them together as the sheep of Bozrah, as the flock in the midst of their fold: they shall make great noise by reason of *the multitude of* men.

Romans 9:27-28 Esaias also crieth concerning Israel, Though the number of the children of Israel be as the sand of the sea, a remnant shall be saved: Rom 9:28 For he will finish the work, and cut *it* short in righteousness: because a short work will the Lord make upon the earth.

Romans 11:5 Even so then at this present time also there is a remnant according to the election of grace.

Matthew 7:13-16 Enter ye in at the strait gate: for wide *is* the gate, and broad *is* the way, that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go in there at: 7:14 Because strait *is* the gate, and narrow *is* the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it. 7:15 Beware of false prophets, which come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves. 7:16 Ye shall know them by their fruits. Do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles